

DR. CLEVELAND AND DR. ALLEN AIR TROUBLES

Clash Over Ethics of Getting Rockefeller Money Enlivens Hearing.

DR. FLEXNER SENDS PEPPERY STATEMENT

The closing session in this city yesterday of the investigation of philanthropic foundations by the United States Commission on Industrial Relations was largely devoted to an airing of the differences between Dr. Frederick A. Cleveland of the Bureau of Medical Research and Dr. William H. Allen, former director of that organization and now an employee of the commission.

The session was further enlivened when Dr. Abraham Flexner, assistant secretary of the general education board and member of the Board of Education, sent to Chairman Walsh a peppery statement declining to answer certain questions dealing with school matters and imputing personal motives to Dr. Allen in the framing of the questions.

Both Dr. Cleveland and Dr. Allen came prepared with huge quantities of typewritten and printed matter, much of which was read and all of which will go into the record of the commission.

Some attempt was made by the commission to trace the careers of the two men to its sources. The most direct answer came from Dr. Allen, who said that he had no doubt that Dr. Cleveland was this country's greatest philanthropist.

"Cleveland, if a million men stood at Broadway and Thirty-third street and they told me that you had been passing money to my trustees I wouldn't have believed it until I heard it from the lips of the man there."

Dr. Allen did not explain why the particular spot at which the million men must congregate should be at Broadway and Thirty-third street, nor is there anything in the records to show that the million men gathered there or anywhere else, but there was no doubt in the mind of Dr. Allen's auditors that he had heard it from a million men.

Dr. Allen defended the use of the word "million" in particular and his own sense of good taste in publicity in general and quoted a leading newspaper as saying that he had heard it from a million men.

In Cleveland's testimony in general was considered to show that there was nothing in the charge that the gifts of John D. Rockefeller influenced the policies of the bureau and he charged that the only conditional gifts obtained from that source were those obtained by Dr. Allen. The latter in turn, after assuring the gifts of Mr. Rockefeller as permissible and no less so for the reason that no condition is attached, admitted that he had received many grants from Mr. Rockefeller, but said that there was a great difference between accepting a gift for what you think is right and accepting one which you think is right and doesn't mind saying so.

Quotes Mrs. Harriman.
The greater part of Dr. Allen's testimony was an elaboration of his views on how great foundations ought to be directed and curbed in the interest of the public. There were a score of suggestions extending from an irreducible minimum of trustees to a hint that it might be well to have John D. Rockefeller on the board of directors. He told of his efforts to combat the Rockefeller influence, even bringing in a conversation with Mrs. E. H. Harriman, who made her as saying she would like to know what Mr. Rockefeller had done that he should be so highly regarded.

Samuel Untermyer, who was the first witness before the commission at the New York hearing, came again into its records yesterday with a plain, plain, plain statement in which he set forth his reasons for saying that the majority of the railroads in this country are under the control of two groups of owners, a statement denied by Jacob H. Schiff of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and by J. P. Morgan.

Statement by Flexner.

In his statement to Chairman Walsh Dr. Flexner says that he attended the hearing on Thursday expecting to be called, instead of which he was asked to answer in writing additional questions. He says that the questions were prepared by Dr. Allen and that the nature of them is such "that I feel very sure that neither of you nor the other members of the commission have any idea of the circumstances which have prompted them."

Dr. Flexner says that Dr. Allen, having been for years a persistent seeker after funds from Mr. Rockefeller's office for the Bureau of Medical Research, had asked Dr. Rockefeller to have Dr. Flexner, a total stranger to him, make an investigation of it, a bureau's conditional grant, that work was done by Dr. Allen, having been criticized by some of the trustees. He says the bureau such an investigation and made an unfavorable report. He says he does not know to what extent this report affected subsequent action.

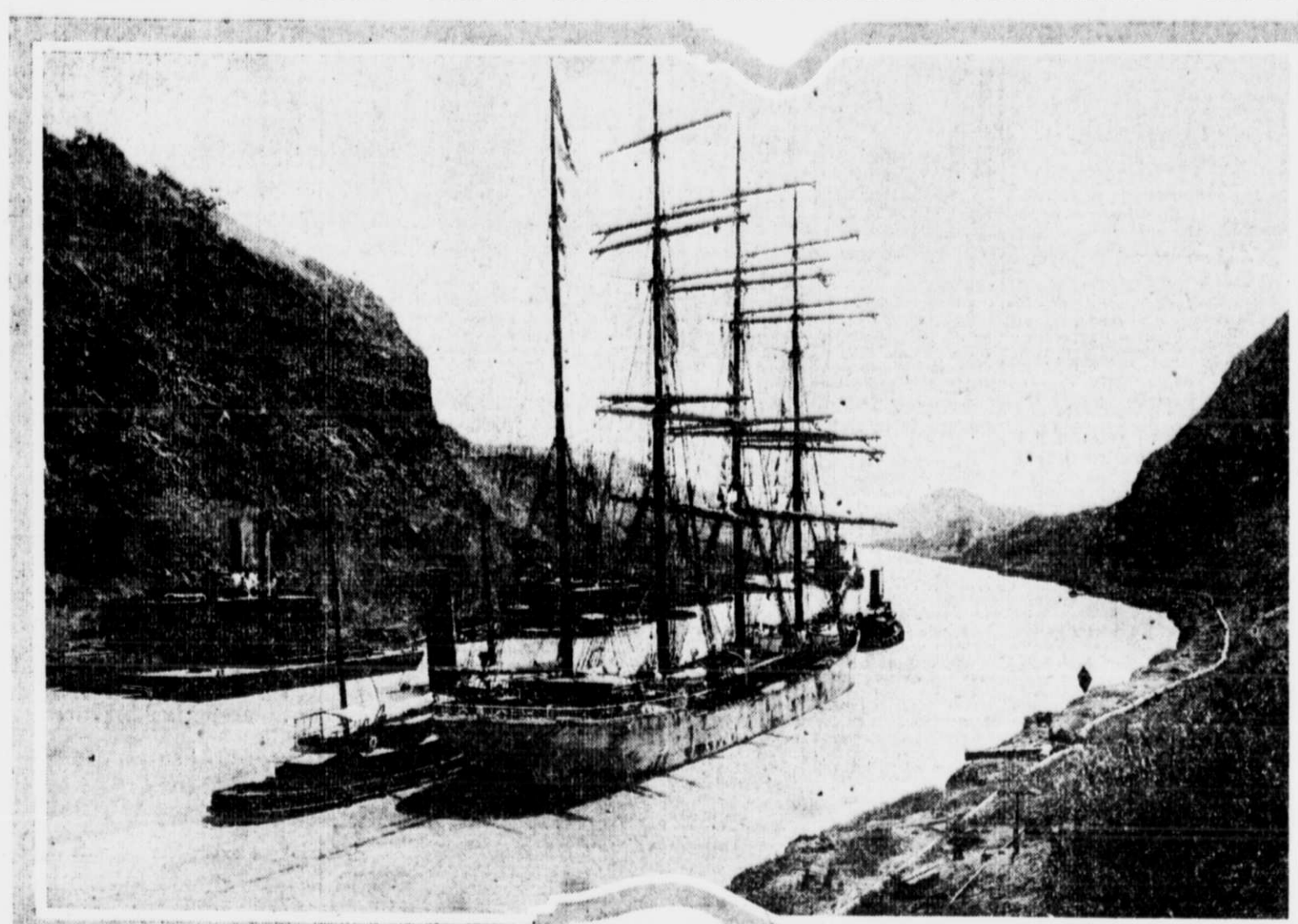
Dr. Flexner explains how he became a member of the Board of Education and how he became opposed to Dr. Allen's proposal for the Board of Education for New York City.

"In 1910, did you sign a statement, later issued to the public, against a charter proposal regarding the Board of Education for New York City?"

"Did you, in 1913, sign, with others, a petition to the Mayor of the city of New York against the reappointment to the local Board of Education of the then president of that board?"

"Did you, in January, 1915, with

BARK PICKING HER WAY THROUGH CULEBRA CUT



The impression given by the above picture of the rock and earth have upheaved in places so that only a narrow channel remains for ships drawing thirty feet or more. It is this condition of the canal that Col. Goethals in an interview in THE SUN on Wednesday said he hoped to remedy by June.

A picture of any section of the nine mile Culebra cut, which is subject to the slides, would give this same wrong impression of the waterway's real condition. Col. Goethals has made preparations to attack the slides with new and powerful dredges in order to increase the present reduced depth of thirty feet to the intended forty feet and to widen the ship channel to 300 feet as originally planned.

The John E. King is using the narrow channel which renewed dredging has made for ships passing through the waterway in its present condition. Col. Goethals does not believe that the bottom of the canal is rising as the condition described by the photographer would seem to indicate. He said in THE SUN's interview that the filling up of the spaces already dredged was due wholly to the soil becoming saturated with water, turning to fluid mud and moving across the canal bottom under the pressure of the earth on the sides.

The Hougenmont is from London with a cargo of chalk for J. P. Whittaker & Co. at New York. She went on the bar in the dense fog of the early morning, and distress calls were immediately sent out.

It was too rough for surfboats, but as soon as the fog lifted life savers from the Point of Woods station, in charge of Capt. Charles Baker, attempted to reach her with a shotline. By midnight the surfboats were in operation and the first man was landed at 3 o'clock. Twenty other members of the crew were soon dragged through the surf, one at a time.

Another fog blanket settled down at 4:45 and hid the bark from those on shore, but the buoy continued to travel back and forth. Nothing would induce Capt. McDonald to leave the bark so long as there was a possibility of saving her. The life savers intended to remain on duty all night with the breeches buoy still in operation, so that the remaining members of the crew could be taken off if the bark begins to break up.

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SEVEN STAY ON BARK IN PERIL ON SHORE

Refuse to Leave After 21 of Crew Are Rescued at Fire Island.

WAVES BEAT VESSEL

FIRE ISLAND, L. I., Feb. 6.—The lives of seven men were in peril last night on board the British bark Hougenmont, which went ashore two miles east of Fire Island yesterday morning. Twenty-one of her crew were dragged through the surf to the shore in a breeches buoy, but Capt. McDonald and six volunteers chose to stick by the bark in hopes that she would weather the ale.

Late last night the bark was lying on her side on a sand bar 200 yards from shore, broadside to the waves. Life savers and old seamen marvelled that the incessant pounding did not break her to pieces, but the Hougenmont has an all steel hull and up to a late hour last night she had showed no signs of breaking up.

The largest waves combed over her hull and dished spray in clouds to her lower yards. Capt. McDonald and his men could do nothing but hang fast and let the spray dash over them.

The Merritt & Chapman wrecking steamer Commissioner lowered near last night and an attempt to float the Hougenmont will be made if she holds together until daylight.

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FIND LITTLE IN HORNE'S ROOM.

Nothing Incriminating Seen in Tompkinsville Hotel Room.

Nothing that would tend to incriminate Werner Horne, the man charged with wrecking the Canadian bridge, was found in the room he had occupied in the Arden Hotel, Tompkinsville, Staten Island, when it was opened by William Rohlf, the hotel proprietor, yesterday. Two newspaper men witnessed the opening of Horne's room by Rohlf and noted the effects in the room. A steamer trunk, securely locked and quite heavy with its contents, was not broken open.

Two newspapers, one a New York evening daily printed in English and dated January 28, also the evening edition of a New York German paper, dated January 28, were found in the room. There were a blue serge suit, neatly pressed, a Fedora hat and a cap, both bought in New York, and a cravatette, almost new, with the stamp "Frankfurt" on it. No letters were found.

Horne's effects will be placed in storage for thirty days by Rohlf, as required by law.

JUDGE ORDERS EXCISE RAIDS.

Wants Dry Sunday To-day in Jersey City and Hudson County.

Judge George C. Tennant of the Hudson County Court of Common Pleas last night repeated his orders of last week that the bars must be clamped on tight today in Jersey City and the other towns of Hudson County. He also directed that places of saloon keepers who failed to expose their bars, as the Bishops law requires, should be broken into by the police and the proprietors arrested.

Police Recorder Charles Blachoff of Hudson County was severely criticized by Judge Tennant for discharging two alleged violators of the Sunday closing law because the police had broken into the place.

"The law must be just as strictly enforced in Guttenberg as elsewhere," said Judge Tennant. "If the police do not break into saloons where there is plain evidence of a disorderly house, the meaning of the Bishops law prosecutor's detectives will be instructed to do so."

OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL CALL.

Needs More Money to Work With.

Needs Annual Report.

In the past year 1,064 ward patients were treated at the New York Ophthalmic Hospital, Third Avenue and Twenty-third street, and of this number only thirty-nine remained in the wards at the close of the year, according to the annual report of the hospital issued yesterday.

The report makes an urgent appeal for funds to maintain and enlarge the institution, which is aiding in the relief of those who suffer impairment of vision or faulty conditions of the eyes, ears, nose and throat. In 1914, the report says, 12,751 clinic cases were treated. The average daily attendance for the year was 141.

Parted From Husband, Mrs. Thorpe.

Left Two Children With Father.

ALBANY, Feb. 6.—Emory Abriel of 659 Clinton avenue, Albany, is the father of Minerva Thorpe, the woman who was found murdered. The woman has two children, for whom her father provides a home. She parted from her husband, Sterling Thorpe, some time ago. It is said, but the woman employed in Newburgh as a chauffeur.

About a month ago the murdered woman underwent an operation in a New York city hospital and was discharged a week ago. She has been residing with a woman friend at 351 East 124th street, her father says. Her two children were overcome when told by their grandfather of their mother's death.

GEN. VILLA PLANS TO CUT OFF MEXICO CITY

10,000 Men to Prevent Obstruction From Going to the Aid of Tampico.

NEW TROUBLE FOR BRYAN

El Paso, Feb. 6.—Gen. Villa is returning to Aguascalientes after having secured, as he contends, for the bottling up of the Carranzistas in Mexico City. It is said that Villa made his present trip to Queretaro to arrange with Gen. Chao a campaign that will be carried out to the aid of Tampico when the general attack on that port is undertaken.

The conference has resulted in the transfer of Gen. Urueta from the San Luis Potosi section to Queretaro. The Chao-Trinidad forces will number about 12,000 men. Carranza is credited with having 10,000 men in Mexico city and the surrounding country. South of Queretaro there has been some skirmishing, but the Villa outposts are reported to be as far south as San Juan del Rio, on the main line leading to the capital.

The northern part of Michoacan has been cleared of Villistas, Carranza advisers say. The Villa army is being rapidly re-equipped, and food in large quantities is arriving in Mexico city.

Further Carranza successes in the vicinity of Monterrey also are reported. It is declared that important suburbs of the city have been occupied by Gen. Herrera. The Villistas are said to have been repulsed by the Carranza forces, but were forced to return. Gen. Angeles has gone to Saltillo to secure reinforcements, but has been unsuccessful.

Copies of an order expelling Victoriano Huerta from the order of the United Mexican and Free Accepted Masons has been received here by the Carranza consulate. The expulsion order was issued by the Jalisco Lodge, where Huerta joined the order. The grand lodge of Vera Cruz has been notified.

Capt. Stuart is entitled to question the title of the office of his assistant, William Whitehead, a New York resident who died many years ago and the income on his share for the past year was \$5,000. The payment has been held up because of litigation over the transfer of \$27,135, but the petitioner asks that his share be paid by the United Trust Company at once in order that he may settle certain obligations before he leaves for the front.

DISTRICT LEADERS ANGERED.

Head of Republican Executive Committee in Brooklyn Displeased.

The majority of the twenty-three Republican district leaders in Brooklyn are displeased over some of the recent actions of Jacob A. Livingston, chairman of the executive committee, and three of them, Dr. George Krueger, County Clerk Devoe and Dr. Schaefer, had a conference with him yesterday over the trouble.

Mr. Livingston is understood, was told that he had made some grave mistakes in his recommendations of men for appointments and that in several matters he had acted without consulting with his associates in the party organization. It was outlined to him that persistence in such a course on his part would result in his enforced resignation as head of the executive committee.

Unless the trouble is smoothed over Mr. Livingston is likely to lose the executive committee chairmanship by a vote of 13 to 6.

U. S. Grain Cargoes Held Up.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—Despatches from Switzerland tell of complaints made there of the delay, often lasting several weeks, in getting American grain through the port of Genoa. The dispatches say that there are now forty cargoes of grain, valued roughly at \$12,000,000, in the port of Genoa, including twenty-five shiploads from the United States.

TRouble for Bryan.

Secretary Trying to Bring Carranza and Diplomats Together.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The State Department through its representatives in Mexico city is endeavoring to bring about better relations between the Carranza authorities and the diplomatic corps at the Mexican capital.

Carranza is trying to get the diplomats to follow him to Vera Cruz, where he has established his capital. While in some respects this would be regarded as a desirable thing, in view of the fact that Carranza is in the disturbed country would be so much easier for the diplomats, they seriously object to the suggestion. The diplomats, however, are considering the suggestion that they leave Mexico altogether.

There is reason to believe that Carranza would consider it a partial recognition of his government if the diplomatic corps established themselves in Vera Cruz. It is authoritatively stated, however, that there would be no real recognition involved in this move were it taken by the diplomatic corps.

It is said that the members of the diplomatic corps are finding present conditions very unsatisfactory with Gen. Obregon in command at Mexico city and Carranza exercising the supreme authority at Vera Cruz.

The situation at Mexico city has been further aggravated by the issuance of a decree calling all Villa and so-called Chihuahua money worthless and not receivable. Since the issuance of this money is in circulation there this decree was calculated to cause a great deal of suffering.

Government employees were paid in this money on the very day that the decree was issued. As a result of popular demonstrations Gen. Obregon declared that this money should be regarded as good temporarily, pending a deal of suffering.

The new anchor liner Tuscania sailed yesterday from Glasgow on her maiden voyage. She will touch at Liverpool this morning and will proceed for New York at noon. At Liverpool she will take passengers booked there for the Transatlantic. The Tuscania, 14,500 tons gross, is the first large transatlantic liner to be fitted with geared turbines.

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FATHER'S LETTER FINDS DAUGHTER MURDERED

Woman Known as Minerva Thorp Mysteriously Killed in Furnished Room.

A woman who used the name of Minerva Thorp, who occupied a furnished room at 351 East 124th street, was found murdered there yesterday, with both her eyes blacked, her throat slashed and signs of a violent struggle in the room. A whiskey bottle and glasses stood on a table.

Henry Nelson, keeper of the house, found her dead, he said, when he went at 8 o'clock to deliver a letter. He summoned Police Constable Coolidge, who notified the Third Branch Detective Bureau. Dr. Hallin, of the Harlem Hospital, found the body still warm.

The woman was about 35 years old, and had occupied the room for two months, except for two weeks in January when she was in the City Hospital. She was seen alive in the street at 130 yesterday morning by a neighbor, who with Nelson said that it was her habit to be out at all hours of the night.

Nelson said the woman frequently received money orders for \$5 or \$10 from her father in Albany and that she had told him she was involved in litigation over the estate of a wealthy uncle. The letter which arrived from Albany just after she was murdered was signed "Father" and the envelope bore the inscription, "Return to Herman Adriel, 685 Clinton avenue, Albany, N. Y."

"Dear Daughter: I hope you will take care of yourself, stop drinking and smoking, and make something of yourself. After you've proved you can do this I will start housekeeping again and you can see your children. I cannot send you any more money now. I've sent you my last dollar."

Parted From Husband, Mrs. Thorpe. Left Two Children With Father. ALBANY, Feb. 6.—Emory Abriel of 659 Clinton avenue, Albany, is the father of Minerva Thorpe, the woman who was found murdered. The woman has two children, for whom her father provides a home. She parted from her husband, Sterling Thorpe, some time ago. It is said, but the woman employed in Newburgh as a chauffeur.

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Lord & Taylor
Fifth Avenue, 38th Street, 39th Street
Music Daily—Luncheon and Afternoon Tea, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., Tenth Floor
Special Luncheon, 75c

The February Furniture Sale
presents many exclusive designs of the Adam period in furniture constructed by the best makers in America according to Lord & Taylor specifications.
Sixth Floor
Emphatic Reductions Throughout the Entire Stock
\$720.00 Adam Mahogany Dining Room Suite, \$500.00

10 pieces, consisting of Buffet 72 inches long and made with eight legs, which is unusual. The China Cabinet is 48 inches wide and extremely high; it and the Serving Table have four front legs. Each of these pieces is made with a swelled front ornamented with an appropriate design. The Table is 54 inches wide, eight feet long. The Chairs are upholstered in blue hair cloth. The China Cabinet has two mirrors in the back and one glass shelf.

Dining Room Furniture

\$275.00 Adam Mahogany Suite.	\$195.00	\$225.00 Adam Mahogany Suite.	\$162.50
\$580.00 Mahogany Hand Carved Suite.	\$290.00	\$444.00 Wide Inlaid Sheraton Mahogany Suite.	\$325.00
\$350.00 Sheraton Inlaid Mahogany Suite.	\$225.00	\$400.00 Adam Mahogany Suite.	\$295.00

\$20.00 Solid Mahogany Dinner Wagons \$13.50

\$2.00 Mahogany Candle Sticks \$1.25 per pair

\$25.00 Martha Washington Work Tables Solid Mahogany \$11.00

Mahogany Trays \$2.95—Usually \$5.00

Gowns Hats Furs Wraps
535 Fifth Avenue (Between 44th and 45th Streets) New York

Simcox
ANNOUNCE THE OPENING OF A READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT

TO meet the increasing demand for popular priced merchandise, we have established a ready-to-wear department on our first floor.

IN this department we will carry the smartest models to be had in this class of merchandise in the city.

COPIES of imports, our own designs, the best in every respect that can be procured at popular prices, will be found here, and the same fitters that fit in our order department will make alterations.

THIS department will in no way interfere with our exclusive high-class order business, which will continue to show the work of the world's greatest artists.

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